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PRACTICE QUESTIONS FOR PSY101

 Psychology is the study of A. behaviour and mental processes B. feeling in human beings external behaviour D. learning and motivation
2. Which of the following might suggest that forgetting to pick his mother up at the airport was kunle's unconscious way of of saying that he did not welcome his mother?
A. Cognitive B. Humanistic C. Behavioural D. Psychoanalytic
3. The study of the endocrine system and genetic mechanism would most likely be undertaken by a
A. Clinical psychologist B. Physiological psychologist C. Social psychologist D. Forensic psychologist
4. Which of the the following professions is most likely to deal with adjustment problems, such as marriage, family problems?
A. Counseling psychologist B. Clinical psychologist C. Physiological psychologist D. Developmental psychologist
5. Posture is an example ofcomponent of emotional reactions
A. Physiological B. Expressive C. Subjective D. Objective
6. Classical conditioning occurs when a neutral stimulus is paired over and over with a(n) A. Conditioned stimulus B. Unconditional stimulus C. Conditional response D. Discriminative response
7. The memory process that holds a very brief representation of the information as it comes in from our senses is called A. Metamemory B. a memory latch C. short-term memory D. Sensory memory
8. When a researcher is able is able to manipulate on variable and observe its effect on another variable, he or she is working towards the goal of in research. A. Control B. Description C. Prediction D. Correlation
9. The method of research best suited for exploring the attitudes of a large group of people is the A. Case study method B. Survey method C. Experimental method D. Naturalistic method
10. The scientific approach that is concerned with discovering how changes in the environment can lead to changes immeasurable behaviour is A. Functionalism, B. Humanism, C. Behaviourism, D.

11. Which research method would most likely be used to assess whether a hyperactive child is

Psychoanalysis

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excessive aggressive in a day-care center? A. Case study method B. Survey method C. Experimental method D. Naturalistic method 12. Like his father, Toheeb has brown hair and blue eyes and is quite tall. This is a description of Abiola's A. Phenotype B. Genotype C. Dominant D. Recessive 13. Babies born to mothers who smoke during pregnancy are more likely to_____ A. Engage in criminal behaviour B. Become smokers themselves C. Be unusually large at birth D. Be smaller and suffer mental retardation 14. The autonomic division of peripheral nervous system controls actions such as_____ Α. Walking and sitting B. Breathing and heart rate C. A&B D. None of the above 15. In Correlational studies, correlation indicates that as the amount of one variable increases, the other decreases. A. Positive B. Zero C. Negative D. All of the above 16. In an experimental study, the group that is made up of individual who are randomly assigned but don't receive the treatment is referred to as_____ group A. Experimental B. Control C. Manipulative D. Research 17. Information last in the short-term memory for only about twenty seconds unless it is_____ A. Emotionally charged B. Sensory information C. Retrieved D. Rehearsed 18. Sigmund Freud argued that_____ is the portion of our mind that constitutes those things we are not aware of; but may be repressed in our mind and are influencing our behaviour. A. Unconscious B. Conscious C. Preconscious D. Subconscious 19. Which of these correlation coefficient indicates the strongest relationship? A. +68 B. - 32 C. -79 D. +15 20. Independent variable is also known as _____ A. Derived variable B. Stress variable C. Accumulated variable D. Concomitant variable. 21. _____ method helps psychologist discover or confirm cause and effect relationships in behavior (a) experimental (b) observation (c) case study (d) survey 22. _____method enables scientists to test a theory under controlled condition (a) observation (b) experimentation (c) survey (d) case study 23. A_____ is also called a public opinion poll (a) survey (b) case study (c) projective test (d) questionnaire 24. In an experiment two groups exist_____and ____ (a) control and free (b) experimental and control (c) experimental and natural (d) artificial and natural. 25._____psychologists assess and treat mental, emotional and behavioral disorders. (a) health (b) clinical (c) hospital (d) forensic. 26. Etymologically, the word psychology was coined from____word? (a) Latin (b) French (c) Greek

(d) Spanish.
27. "PSYCHE" means while LOGOS means (a) soul and love (b) mind and soul (c) soul and science (d) soul and study of
28. The word psychology was coined by (a) Martin Luther (b) Philip Metancher (c) Philip Metanchton (d)Wilhelm Wundt
29is associated with this saying; "psychology lost its soul, its mind and consciousness (a) Wilhelm (b) Harlow (c) Skinner (d) Pavlov.
30. Which of these is true of scientific method? (a) a field of belief (b) a field of enquiry (c) a psyche study (d) introspection
31. The art of perceiving another's thought without communication is called(a) psychology (b)mind reading (c) telepathy (d) astrology
32. Four major goals of psychology are to (a) Describe, direct, control and explain (b) describe, predict, understand and direct (c)describe, predict, understand and control (d) predict, examine, control and explain
33.The founding fathers of psychology areand (a) William Wundt and Wilhelm James (b) Sigmund Freud and B.F Skinner (c) Wilhelm Wundt and William James (d) B.F Skinner and Ivan Pavlov.
34.In the past, psychology was studied as a sub-branch of(a) philosophy (b) telepathy (c) physiology (d) religion
35.As a social science discipline, the field of psychology is(a) dynamic (b) static (c) obsolete (d)broad
36. In the history and development of the definition of psychology, the second definition was psychology as the science of the(a) soul (b) heart (c) mind (d) consciousness
SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS
1. The outward observable act of a person is called behavior
2 is a chemical messenger carried by the circulation of the blood through the body to act on issue distant from its origin
3 is the inability to store in long - term memory information that occurs after the amnesia inducing event
4 is the basic memory process that is most Centre to their operation of sensory memory

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5. The central nervous system consist of and
5 founded the the first laboratory dedicated exclusively to Psychological research in Leipzig, Germany
POWERED BY:
-ABIDEEN Toheeb Damilare (G-formula)-09095624995
Department of Public Administration (FUOYE)
-OJO Samuel Adesola (Sammie Joo)-08032215348

Department of Accounting (FUOYE)